

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

520 Lafayette Road, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155

Telephone (612) 296-6300

5E0301-A0102

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
Nichols Ground Water Contamination
March 6, 1990

US EPA RECORDS CENTER REGION 5

940449

Med-49

Situation

MND 985 681 246

In April, 1988 and July, 1989 volatile organic aromatic (VOA) compounds were detected in seven residential wells in the area of Highway 13 and Cedar Avenue in Eagan, Minnesota. The contaminants included perchloroethylene, trichloroethylene, chloroform, and dichlorodifluoromethane (freon). Perchloroethylene was the only contaminant that exceeded the Minnesota Department of Health (MDH) Recommended Allowable Limit of 6.6 ppb for drinking water. The Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) declared an emergency situation and authorized the use of Minnesota Environmental Response Liability Act funds to provide bottled water to the affected residents. In addition to the presence of contaminants, a dewatering project at the nearby Metropolitan Waste Control Commission (MWCC) Seneca Waste Water Treatment Plant had drawn surficial water levels down to a point at which the residents could no longer obtain substantial water from their wells. In response to this dewatering effect, MWCC established permanent water service to the Eagan municipal water system. These hook-ups also served to remove the threat of contaminant consumption by the residents.

Based upon ground water collected it appears the contaminants are originating from a source(s) near Highway 13 and Cedar Avenue. Preliminary record searches and interviews with residents by both MPCA and Dakota County Health Department staff have failed to provide any substantial information concerning the origin of the contaminants. There are several municipal well systems (Cedar Grove, Burnsville, and Eagan) within a 3 and 4 mile radius of the area designated as the Site. However, it is unknown if contaminants have affected these municipal systems. It is unlikely the municipal well systems are or may be effected as they are located upgradient of the suspected source area.

The Nichols Meadow Fen (fen) is located downgradient of the Site and supports several endangered species of flora. Should contaminants reach the fen via ground water discharge these species may be affected. Ground water flow to the fen has been interrupted by the dewatering, therefore, an injection well system has been proposed to aid in restoration of natural ground water flow.

Non-Responsive

Regional Offices: Duluth • Brainerd • Detroit Lakes • Marshall • Rochester
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SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

I. IDENTIFICATION

OF STATE OF SITE NUMBER

AND 985 681 246

PART 1	- SITE INFORMAT	ION AN	ID ASSESSMEN	T [MADIO	185 681 246
II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION					
01 SITE NAME (Legal, common, or descriptive name of site)	1			ECIFIC LOCATION IDENTIFIER	
Nichols Ground Water Contam.	nation	H A STATE	13 2 15 CODE 106	control (edan	Avenue 107 COLINTY OR CONG
Eugan	<u> </u>	MD	55122 3	county Dakota	O7COUNTY 08 CONG CODE O37 3
	GITUDE				
444845.1 93 1	330.7				
10 DIRECTIONS TO SITE (starting from nearest public road)	tiquian	77	(cedar	Avenue)	and
intersection of b	+ sourc	e	unkuo	un	
III. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES					
01 OWNER (# known)		02 STREE	T (Business, mailing, resid	entizi)	
uukuown					
03 CITY		04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE	06 TELEPHONE NUMBER	<u> </u>
	į			()	
07 OPERATOR (If known and different from owner)		08 STREE	T (Business mailing, resid	entiel)	<u> </u>
vuknown					
09 CITY	1	OSTATE	11 ZIP CODE	12 TELEPHONE NUMBER	
	j			()	
13 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one) A. PRIVATE B FEDERAL: F. OTHER: (Special)	(Agency name)		_ □ C. STATE	□D COUNTY □ E. MU	INICIPAL
YES DATE 4 10,89 DA	ecx as thet apply) EPA D B. EPA LOCAL HEALTH OFFIC	CONTRA	ACTOR C		CONTRACTOR
02 SITE STATUS (Check ane) CONT	03 YEARS OF OPERA	TION			
□ A ACTIVE □ B INACTIVE X C UNKNOWN	1	GINNING Y		WUNKNOW	'n
04 DESCRIPTION OF SUBSTANCES POSSIBLY PRESENT, KNOWN Perchlo vo ethylene, t	ORALLEGED	·	jene, c	Word form,	•
dichlorodiflooromet residential wells		BC 0 42			
05 DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVIRONMENT AND	DORPOPOLATION Teles	+ a	ken to	establi	sh city
wells. Nicols Head			•		
V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT	cow I Ch wa	- > •	e lupa	e reg turough	ground wa
01 PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Check one II high or measure is checked	complete Part 2 Waste Inform	nation and P	art 3 Description of Hazarr	dous Conditions and Incidents)	
☐ A HIGH (Inspection required promptly) B MEDIUM (Inspection required)	C. LOW		D. NONE	raction needed. complete current dispo	sation form)
VI. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM					
01 CONTACT	02 OF (Agency/Organiza	lionj			03 TELEPHONE NUMBER
Pou Sueuson 04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSMENT	MPCH				(LIZ) 297-179
04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSMENT	05 AGENCY	ł	ANIZATION	07 TELEPHONE NUMBER	08 DATE
Susan Price	MPCA	(Gu	USWO/PA	16121 297 1789	MONTH DAY YEAR

SEPA
. WASTE STATE
1 PHYSICAL STATES

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

I. IDENTIFICATION

	A			ASSESSMENT EINFORMATION		AN	
. WASTE ST	TATES, QUANTITIES, AN	D CHARACTER	ISTICS				
LI A SOLID LI B POWDER FINES F LIQUID TONS LI C SLUDGE LI G GAS CUBIC YAROS		waste quantities independent) INKINDUM BA TOXIC BE SOLU C RADIOACTIVE G FLAM D GERGISTENT			UBLE LI HIGHLY VOLATILE CTIOUS LI J EXPLOSIVE MMABLE L K REACTIVE TABLE L INCOMPATIBLE		
U D OTHER	(Specify)	NO OF DRUMS				M NOT AP	PUCABLE
I. WASTE T	YPE						
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	AME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS		
SLU	SLUDGE						
OLW	OILY WASTE						
SOL	SOLVENTS		vulenoun				
PSD	PESTICIDES						
occ	OTHER ORGANIC C	HEMICALS					
10C	INORGANIC CHEMIC	ALS					
ACD	ACIDS						
BAS	BASES		Ţ				······································
MES	HEAVY METALS						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
V. HAZARDO	OUS SUBSTANCES IS.A	opendix for most freque	ntly cited CAS Numbers)	residentic	el well	Samples	· 7/20/
1 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE N	IAME	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE/DISF		05 CONCENTRATION	06 MEASURE
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	tichlerodi f		†	 		13	
	methane		†	 			
	trichloroetu		 	 		1.1	
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	L						
v. FEEDSTO	OCKS (See Appendix for CAS Numb	pers)					
CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTO	CK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	O1 FEEDST	OCK NAME	02 CAS NUME
FDS				FDS			
FDS				FDS			
			+	FDS			
				1 33			
FDS FDS			ì	FDS (•

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

I. IDENTIFICATION

01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

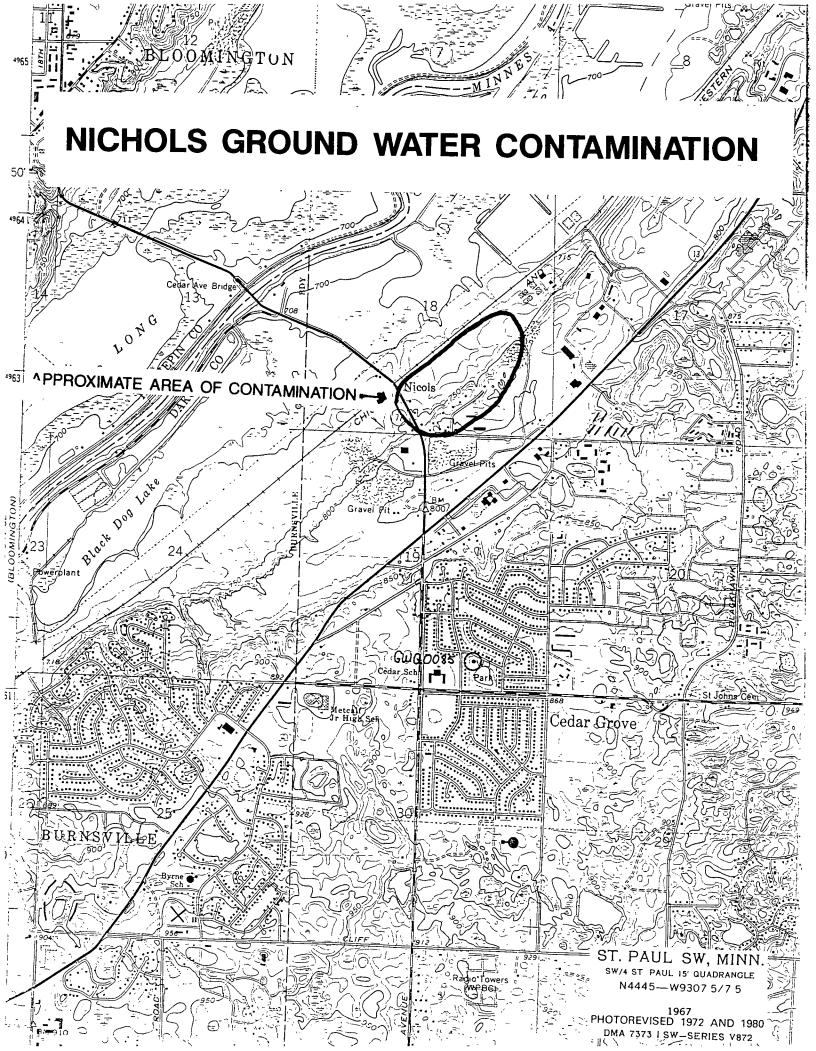
WLIA	PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HA	AZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDEN	TS MU	
II. HAZARDOUS CONDIT				
01 🛣 A GROUNDWATER 03 POPULATION POTENT	CONTAMINATION 3 - WILL TIALLY AFFECTED 4213	02 MOBSERVED (DATE 4/ (0/89)) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	DPOTENTIAL	□ ALLEGED
bocument.	ed turough u	ox-CLP lab on	2 sapar	ete
5 ampling	events. 4-	· wile radius in	cludes' B	orusulle
	r total pop	ulation 37,574	}	
01 A B SURFACE WATE 03 POPULATION POTENT		02 ① OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	₹ POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
Potentia	(31	- contamination		
and r	linnesota Ri	ver it source	is tou	ud to
01 X C CONTAMINATIO	N OF AIR	O2 DOBSERVED (DATE)	T 900 UNG	O ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTEN	HALLY AFFECTED	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	U C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	_ ,
		e vature of	ground	noter
	utamination			
01 D FIRE/EXPLOSIVE 03 POPULATION POTEN		02 OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	D POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
vukuo	···			
				
01 SE DIRECT CONTAI 03 POPULATION POTEN		02 OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
cukuo				
01. F CONTAMINATIO	ON OF SOIL ONE OF SOIL (Acres)	02 OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
Soil	contaminatio	is expect	ted due	+2
		tamination.		
01 C/G DRINKING WATE 03 POPULATION POTEN		02 [] OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL	C ALLEGED
See	"grownt water	contain instron		
01 H WORKER EXPO		02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE)	D POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
U3 WORKERS POTENTI	ALLY AFFECTED	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		
unkno	•••			
07 POPULATION EX 03 POPULATION POTEN	POSURE/INJURY TIALLY AFFECTED	02 OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL	[] ALLEGED
unten	oun			
				
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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

ı.	IDENT	ΠFI	CAT	ION	
01	STATE	02	SITE	NUMBE	R
1 1	AII	ı			

SEPA	PART 3 - DESCRIP	PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT TION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDEN	TS MN
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIO	NS AND INCIDENTS	(Continued)	
01 J. DAMAGE TO FLOR 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTIO	Α	02 OBSERVED (DATE)	POTENTIAL ALLEGED
Possible	, it c	outaminants re 1. endangered 5 02 0 OBSERVED (DATE)	ach wetlands
(Nico	15 Fen	.). endangered 5	PREIRS Present
01 K. DAMAGE TO FAUN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTIO	A N (Include name(s) of species)	02 OBSERVED (DATE)	☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
u ukuo i			
01 L. CONTAMINATION C 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE)	□ POTENTIAL □ ALLEGED
uukuo	ww		
01 SM UNSTABLE CONTA	ude/leaking drums)	02 OBSERVED (DATE)	□ POTENTIAL □ ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIA	LY AFFECTED	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	
0 N DAMAGE TO OFFS 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		02 C OBSERVED (DATE)	☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
vukuo	uu	~	
01 SCO CONTAMINATION 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	OF SEWERS, STORM DI	PRAINS, WWTPs 02 OBSERVED (DATE)	☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
vukua	·ww		
01 P ILLEGAL/UNAUTH 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		02 OBSERVED (DATE)	□ POTENTIAL □ ALLEGED
impli	ed tro	m ground water	contaminatio
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY (OTHER KNOWN, POTEN	NTIAL, OR ALLEGED HAZARDS	
III. TOTAL POPULATION	POTENTIALLY AFFE	CTED: 37,574	
IV. COMMENTS			
Source	e is	unknown at thi	s time
V. SOURCES OF INFORM	ATION (Cité specific referen	nces e g , state liles sample analysis reports)	
MPCA	Gu	SW/PD Files	
Minnes	sta Gu	eological Survey	



REGION V FIT - PA DOCUMENTATION PACKAGE

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September .

SITE NAME Nichols Ground Water Contamination AKA(8):						
ADDRESS Huy 13 and Huy 77 (Cedantive) EITY Eagan STATE MD ZIP 55122 COUNTY Dakota						
USEPA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER not assigned, new site						
DOES THE FACILITY HAVE A RCRA PERMIT YES	NO UNK	NOWN 🔀				
IF THE FACILITY HAS A RCRA PERMIT, DOES IT COVER PRANSPORT; AND/OR DISPOSAL ACTIVITIES AT THE FACILIF NO, DESCRIBE WHAT AREAS ARE NOT COVERED	LITY YES _	NO				
POTENTIAL SOURCES OF	INFORMATION					
TOTENTIAL SOURCES OF	14,0414,104		•			
1) STATE HAZARDOUS/SOLID WASTE FILES	USED	NOT USEFUL	NOT AVAILABLE			
2) STATE WATER FILES 3) STATE AIR FILES						
4) STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH 5) STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY	*					
6) STATE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES 7) STATE FIRE MARSHALL 8) COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH						
9) COUNTY ENGINEER 10) COUNTY CLERK/RECORDER OF DEEDS						
11) CITY DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH 12) CITY ENGINEER						
13) CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT/FIRE MARSHALL 14) CITY WATER/SEWER DEPARTMENT						
15) U.S. SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE 16) OTHERS ,						
17 Minnesota Historical Society 18 Directory of Mn. City Officials, 1989)	<u>×</u>					
FIT PREPARER Susan Frice		DATE 02	-/08/90			

		See	cetta	ched	2070	+12	FORM
III WASTE TY	PE						
CATE GORY	SURSTANCE NAME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASU	RE 03 COMMENTS			SOURCES
SLU	SLUDGI						
OLW	OILY WASTE	1					·
SOL	SOLVENTS						
PSD	PESTICIDES						
OCC	OTHER ORGANIC CHEMICALS						
ЮС	INON(JANIC CHEMICALS						· .
AC,D	ACIDS						
RAS	RAST S						
MFS	HEAVY METALS						
IV. HAZARDO	SUBSTANCES IS to Appoint the most troops	only cana CAS Numberal					
UI CAIL COUA	DZ STIRSTANCE NAME	03 CAS MUMBER	04 STORAGE 1	PSPOSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	OR MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION	SOURCES
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		·
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V FEEDSTO	CKS (See appoint to Cas Mimbers)				.l	.l	
CATEROPIA	DI PEEDSTOCK NAME	02 CAS MUMBER	CATEGORY	DI FEEDST	OCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER	SOURCES
FDS			FDS				
105		†	FDS	 			
rns		 	FDS	 			
103			FDS	1	1		

WASTE CALCULATION PAGE

unknown source and quantity

A)	GROUN	DRATER CONTAMINAT	10N	ın 🗸	. VERE AUDED OF	· uriie					
	A.2 M	NUMBER CONTAMINATION MONITORING WELLS YES NO UNKNOWN NUMBER OF WELLS MONITORING WELLS CONTAMINATED YES NO UNKNOWN PRIVATE, PUBLIC, AND/OR COMMERCIAL WELLS CONTAMINATED YES NO									
	A.3 P										
	×.4 1	chloroform	L, dich	loro di	fluorométhane	aloro ethylene,					
					UNKNOWN X						
		F NO RECORDED CON HY?		15 THERE	A POTENTIAL YES	ND					
					5 <u>X</u> NO						
		ISTANCE TO NEARES			ER IN A THREE MILE RAD:	1115 OF THE SITE					
		6213 4-	mile 37,		in an a time have						
-		TYPE	THICKNESS	DEPTH	AQUIFER OF CONCERN	CONTAMINATED					
		sorticial	= 200	0-200	yes	YES					
		Prairie du Chie	2300+	200.860	4E3	unknoun.					
		- Jordan			,						
				L							
					N OF CONTAMINANTS TO US N IF YES, WHY						
					ED AT THE FACILITY PRE	•					
		OF CONTAMINANTS 1 IF YES, WHY		AQUIFERS	YES NO U	NKNOWN					
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •									
	SOURC	Es:,	4,6	<u>, , \$</u> ,	18, 17,,						
			r								
B)		CE WATER CONTAMINATE OF, NEARBY SUF		٠							
	C	REEK X, STRE	AM, A	ND/OR RIVE	R (CONTINUOUSLE	Y FLOWING)					
	B.2 D	OND, LAKE _ ISTANCE TO THE NE	, AND/OF	R SWAMP/MAI CE WATER	FEET with	Ke mundly Creek					
	ט כים	DES SURFALE IUPUL	PRALUI LUFAFI	KI INE MIG	RATION OF CONTAMINANTS WHY	ID THE SURFACE					
	_										
	E.4 0	SAGE OF SUPFACE N	ALTER	× 1115	KNOWN						
] R	RINDING WATER YERRIGATION YEELERATION YEELERATION	5 NO 5 X NO	NO NO	KNOWN						

. 2. 3.

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B) SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION (CONTINUED) B.5 SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATED YES NO _X UNKNOWN B.6 TYPE(S) OF CONTAMINATION AND DATE	
B.7 IF NO RECORDED CONTAMINATION, IS THERE A POTENTIAL YES X NO	- -
B.8 DISTANCE TO NEAREST DRINKING WATER INTAKE WITHIN THREE MILES: >100 MILE(S) B.9 ESTIMATE OF POPULATION USING SURFACE WATER	-
YES X NO	
SDURCES:,,,,,,,,,,,,	
C) CONTAMINATION OF AIR	
C.1 CITIZEN COMPLAINTS YES NO X DATE(S) 'NATURE OF COMPLAINT	
C.2 AIR PROBLEMS AS CONFIRMED BY LOCAL, STATE, AND/OR FEDERAL INVESTIGATORS YES NO X DATE(S) DESCRIPTION OF EVENT AND METHODOLOGY USED	_
C.3 IF NO CONFIRMED RELEASES, IS THERE A POTENTIAL YES NO _X IF YES, WHY	_
C.4 ESIMATE OF POPULATION WITHIN A FOUR MILE RADIUS (9,000	-
TOURCES: 1, 6, 8,,,	
D) FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS D.1 HAS A STATE AND/OR LOCAL FIRE MARSHAL CERTIFIED THAT THE SITE IS A FIRE HAZARD PRESENTS A EXPLOSION THREAT YES NO DATE AGENCY DESCRIPTION OF EVENT	OR
D.2 INCOMPATIBLE WASTES PRESENT YES NO UNKNOWN D.3 IGNITABLE WASTES PRESENT YES NO UNKNOWN D.4 IF NO CONFIRMED THREAT, IS THERE A POTENTIAL THREAT YES NO UNKNOWN NATURE OF THE POTENTIAL THREAT	
D.5 DISTANCE TO NEAREST POPULATION buknown FEET (Source has not been D.6 ESTIMATE OF POPULATION WITHIN THO MILES 1520 (occuted D.7 DISTANCE TO NEAREST BUILDING only manufeet)	
SOURCES:	

E.1	CI CONTACT 15 511E ACCESS RESTRICTED RESTRICTED TO NON-FACILITY PERSONNEL YESNO UNKNOWNX
	HAVE AND/OR CAN NON-FACILITY PERSONNEL COME EASILY INTO CONTACT WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIAL AT THE FACILITY YES NO IF YES, HOW
£.4	ARE WASTES PROPERLY CONTAINED AT THE FACILITY YES NO WORKNOWN ESTIMATE OF THE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS WITH ONE MILE OF THE FACILITY 103 AS A RESULT OF RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES, IS DIRECT CONTACT POSSIBLE YES NO UNKNOWN X
SOURCES	:,,,,,,, _
F) CONT F.1	AMINATION OF SOIL ANALYTICAL DATA YES NO IF-YES, DATE AND TYPE OF CONTAMINATION
	PHOTOGRAPHIC EVIDENCE TO INDICATE CONTAMINATION YES NO _X IF YES, DATE AND DESCRIPTION
	IF NO TO F.1 AND F.2, IS THERE A POTENTIAL YES NO UNKNOWN IF YES, DESCRIBE Contamination is interned based upon Observed release to AREA AFFECTED OR POTENTIALLY AFFECTED waknown ACRE(S)
	: 1, 4,,,,
G. 1	SKING WATER CONTAMINATION SEE SECTIONS A AND B TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED 3. mile radiffed Double Counted) 37,574
SOURCES	SEE SECTIONS A AND B 4- mile radius
H.1	ER EXPOSURE/INJURY DO SITE CONDITIONS THREATEN FACILITY WORKER AND/OR WORKERS AT ADJACENT FACILITIES YES NO UNKNOWN IF YES, DESCRIBE
Н.2	HAS THERE BEEN DOCUMENTED PROBLEMS YES NO UNKNOWN IF YES, DESCRIBE
H.3	ESTIMATE OF WORKER POPULATION AFFECTED OR POTENTIALLY AFFECTED UNKNOWN
\$ 00FCES	s: <u>,,,,</u> ,,,,,,

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1.1 DO SITE CONDITIONS THREATEN NEARBY POPULATION YES NO UNKNOWN X IF YES, DESCRIBE (INCLUDE DATES OF EXPOSURE)
1.2 AS A RESULT OF RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES, IS POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY POSSIBLE YES NO UNKNOWN X IF YES, DESCRIBE
1.3 POPULATION AFFECTED OR POTENTIALLY AFFECTED - SAME AS TOTAL POPULATION EXPOSED SOURCES:,,,
J) DAMAGE TO FLORA J.1 OBSERVED OCCURRENCES OF DAMAGE YES NO X UNKNOWN IF YES, DATE
J.2 IF NO OR UNKNOWN IN J.1, IS THERE A POTENTIAL FOR SUCH AN OCCURRENCE YES X NO UNKNOWN IF YES, DESCRIBE POTENTIAL if contain nated ground maker is discharged to the Nicols Meadon For
SOURCES:
K.2 IF NO OR UNKNOWN TO K.1, IS THERE A POTENTIAL FOR SUCH AN OCCURRENCE YES
SOURCES:
L) CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN L.1 HAVE GRAIN CROPS BEEN IMPACTED YES NO WINKNOWN L.2 HAVE LIVESTOCK (CATTLE, CHICKENS, etc.) BEEN IMPACTED YES NO WINKNOWN L.3 1F YES TO L.1 AND/OR L.2, DESCRIBE IMPACT AND GIVE DATE
1.4 IF NO TO L.1 AND OR L.2, IS THERE A POTENTIAL YES NO UNKNOWN IF YES, DESCRIBE Some residents have Swall humber Of livestock
SDURCES:

H.1	ABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES ARE WASTE STORAGE AND/OR DISPOSAL PRACTICES AT THE FACILITY ADEQUATE YES NO UNKNOWN X IF NO, DESCRIBE NATURE OF THE PROBLEM(S)
H.2	IF YES OR UNKNOWN TO M. 1. DESCRIBE ANY POTENTIAL PROBLEM(S) assume virstable storace of waste ove to observed release to the ground water.
	PREVIOUS SECTIONS, USE MAXIMUM POPULATION THAT IS NOT DOUBLE COUNTED
N. 1	AGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY HAVE OFFSITE PROPERTIES BEEN DAMAGED BY SITE ACTIVITES YES
	PREVIOUS SECTIONS
	TAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WWTPS DOCUMENTED DAMAGE TO INFRASTRUCTURE YES NO WINKNOWN IF YES, GIVE DATE(S) AND DESCRIBE EVENT(S)
0.2	IF NO OR UNKNOWN TO 0.1, DESCRIBE ANY POTENTIAL PROBLEMS prompout system at Senga waste water treatment plant may be impacted
SOURCES	s:,,,,
	EGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING HAVE THERE BEEN EPISODES OF ILLEGAL, UNAUTHORIZED, AND/OR MIDNIGHT DUMPING AT THE FACILITY YES NO UNKNOWN Y IF YES, GIVE DATE(S) AND DESCRIBE EVENT(S)
P.2	HAS THE FACILITY RECEIVED HAZARDOUS WASTES WITHOUT A PROPER LOCAL, STATE, AND/OR FEDERAL PERMITS WHEN SUCH PERMITS WOULD HAVE NORMALLY BEEN REQUIRED YES
P.3	WOULD SITE SITE SECURITY PROMOTE UNAUTHORIZED DUMFING YES NO UNKNOWN IF POSSIBLE, DESCRIBE
SOURCES	5: <u>1</u> , <u>4</u> , <u></u> , <u></u> , <u></u>

RECOMMEND	ED ACTIO	ons <u>ke</u>	commend	tunthe	r sa	mplug	of residential
t	wells	with	the	installat	lon-	ola	monitoring
	well	uet war	le to	locate	Sour	ceds	
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					•		wells
have	Deen	Coun	ected	-to +	Le	Eagan	city
<u>wat</u>	er/s	ewer_	System	-thre	nefe	<u>au</u>	linnysota
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	action.	adu	-inistered	by	the 1	linnesota
Pollo-	tion	Control	Agen	ey.	~ 		
			·				

PA DOCUMENTATI	ON SHEET	SITE N.	ichals Ground Leaster Co.	ntamination .
SOURCE Number	DESCRIPTION OF	SOURCE		
1A, 1B, 1C, 1D	YEAR 1920 10) QUAD NAME	or 15	1B) QUAD NAME <u>Ploo</u> SIZE: 7.3 0 YEAR <u>1980</u> 1D) QUAD NAME SIZE: 7.5 0 YEAR	r 15
				<u>-</u>
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PA DOCUMENTATIO	ON SHEET	SITE Nichols Ground Water Contamination IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
SDURCE Number	DESCRIPTION OF SOURCE	
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PA DOCUMENTATI	DN SHEET	SITE Nichols Ground Water Contamination IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
SOURCE Number	DESCRIPTION OF SOURCE	
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PA DOCUMENTATI	ON SHEET	SITE Nichols Ground water Contamination IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
SOURCE Number	DESCRIPTION OF SOURCE	
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	1	

SCREENING SITE INSPECTION REPORT FOR

NICHOLS' GROUND WATER CONTAMINATION EAGAN, MINNESOTA

U.S. EPA ID: MND985681246

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DΥ	AD:	2 70	24	hv	•

Gary L/Krueger

Senior Pollution Control Specialist

Site Assessment Unit

Program Development Section

Ground Water and Solid Waste Division Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

Michael Loughran

Hydrologist

Site Assessment Unit

Program Development Section

Ground Water and Solid Waste Division Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

Reviewed by:

Ronald R. Swenson

Supervisor, Site Assessment Unit Program Development Section

Ground Water and Solid Waste Division Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

Approved by:

Manager, Program Development Section Ground Water and Solid Waste Division Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

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NICHOLS GROUND WATER CONTAMINATION SITE SCREENING SITE INSPECTION REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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SCREENING SITE INSPECTION REPORT

Nichols' Ground Water Contamination Site Eagan, Minnesota

1.0 SUMMARY

The Nichols' Ground Water Contamination site (Site) is located in the city of Eagan, Dakota County, in the area of the intersection of State Highway 13 and Cedar Avenue. In 1988, residential drinking water wells were found to be contaminated with volatile organic compounds (VOC) such as perchloroethylene (PCE). Levels of VOC contamination in some of the wells did exceed both Minnesota Department of Health's Recommended Allowable Limits and Federal Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCL) for drinking water.

In 1990, the Dakota County Public Health Department (Dakota County) began the Contaminant Assessment Team (CAT) program to investigate potential abandoned hazardous waste sites. This Site was one of the sites which Dakota County began a CAT investigation in an attempt to determine a possible source of ground water contamination. With the assistance of Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) Site Assessment Unit staff, Dakota County developed a work plan which included sampling of area residential wells, commercial wells, and monitoring wells. Sampling conducted by Dakota County was done in October 1990 and did indicate continued VOC contamination.

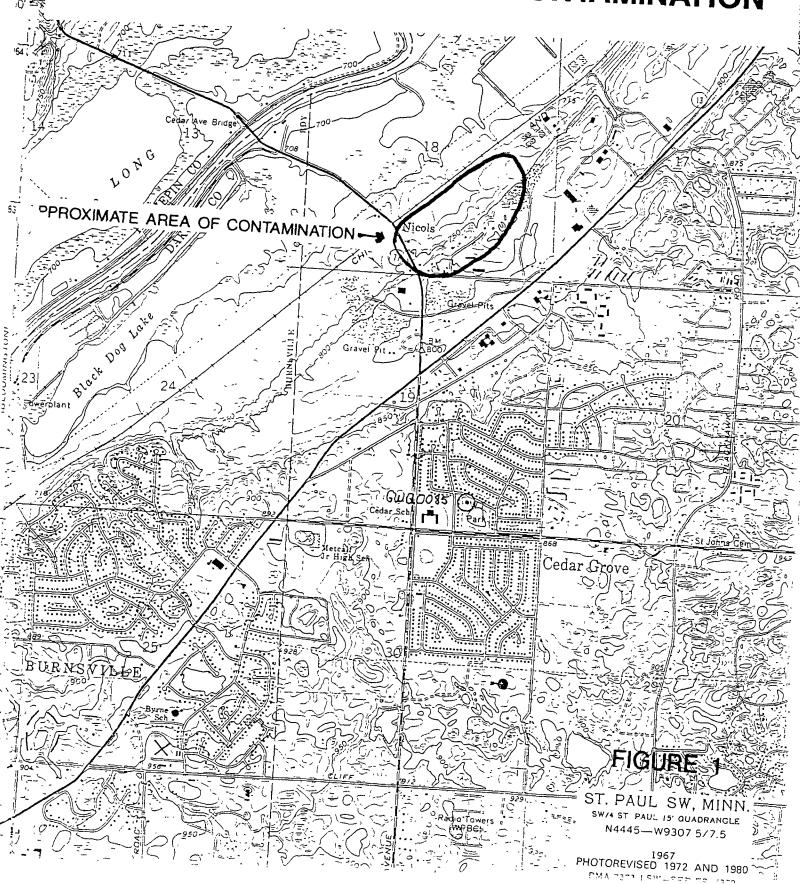
The primary focus of this Screening Site Inspection (SSI) Report is to summarize the history of the Site, work done by Dakota County, to determine an initial Hazard Ranking System (HRS) score for the Site and assess the Site's potential for inclusion on the National Piorities List.

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

2.1 Site Location

The Site is located in the city of Eagan, Dakota County, in the area of the intersection of State Highway 13 and Cedar Avenue (See Figure 1). The area is primarily residential with some commercial businesses. This residential

NICHOLS GROUND WATER CONTAMINATION



neighborhood of Eagan is also referred to as Wuthering Heights. The Site is also adjacent to the Minnesota River, the Minnesota National Wildlife Refuge, and the Nichols' Meadow Fen (Fen). This calcareous Fen is state designated as an outstanding resource value.

2.2 Site History

In March 1989, residents in this area of Eagan had become concerned about the quality of drinking water from their private wells and relayed those concerns to Dakota County. This concern had primarily risen from the fact that the Metropolitan Waste Control Commission (MWCC) was expanding a nearby sewage treatment plant and de-watering activities had lowered the water table. The de-watering also affected flow of ground water into the Nichols' Fen and the quantity of water available to the private wells.

Dakota County did sample the nine residential wells reported to be affected by de-watering activities and found VOC contamination in seven of the wells tested. Subsequent sampling done by MWCC and MPCA confirmed ground water contamination by VOCs. Since contamination was detected in several private wells and de-watering activities affected quantity of ground water available to the residents, MWCC connected the residents to the city of Eagan municipal drinking water supply in 1989. The private wells are now used primarily for lawn watering.

In May 1990, Dakota County established a program to assess potential hazardous waste sites in the county. Dakota County staff established the Contaminant Assessment Team (CAT) program and requested the assistance of MPCA Site Assessment staff in developing the CAT program. One of the sites the CAT program was interested in investigating was this Site. Dakota County was concerned that the source on VOC contamination had not been determined and that contaminated ground water could impact the Nichols' Fen, which supports endangered species of flora.

3.0 SAMPLING ACTIVITIES

3.1 Sample Locations

Dakota County staff reviewed available information regarding the Site and prepared a work plan for planned sampling activities. The work plan was submitted to MPCA Site Assessment staff for review and comment. Sampling consisted of re-sampling the nine residential wells, two wells at area businesses, and eight monitoring wells (See Table 1 and Figure 2). Dakota County's plans were to sample all wells in one round of sampling to try to delineate a contaminant plume and/or identify a source of contamination. Sources of contamination were suspected to be either an area commercial facility or an abandoned gravel quarry. Ground water sampling was conducted by Dakota County in September and October 1990.

Ground water samples collected from the wells were analyzed by PACE Laboratories of Minneapolis. Although PACE was not in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Contract Lab Program (CLP) at the time of Dakota County's investigation, the samples were taken and analyzed under CLP procedures. Sample collection was done with the advice of the MPCA to facilitate usable data for HRS scoring purposes. All samples were analyzed for Target Compound List (organic) compounds and Target Analyte List (inorganic) analytes.

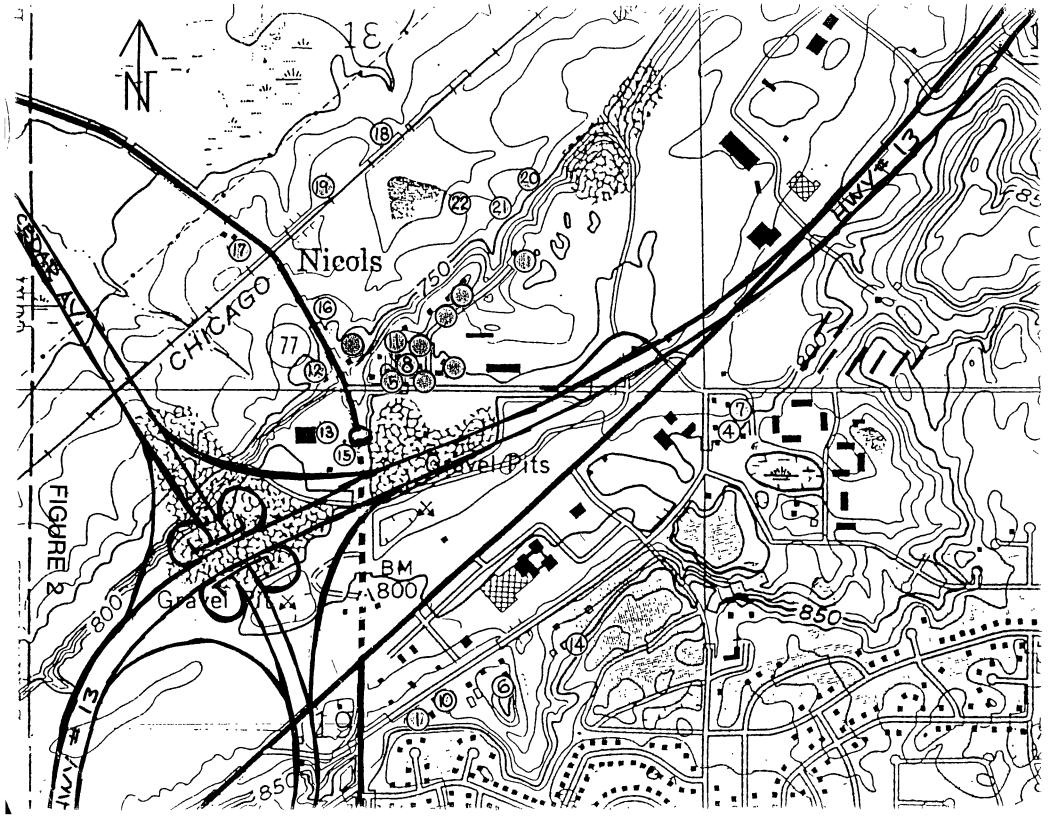
One of the residential wells continued to indicate elevated levels of PCE of up to 63 μ g/l. Follow-up sampling by Dakota County done in May 1991 confirmed the continued contamination of this residential well with PCE. This residence has been connected to the city of Eagan municipal drinking water supply. Semiannual sampling at this residence by Dakota County since October 1990, has indicated a decline in levels of PCE contamination. The other residential wells sampled by Dakota County in September and October 1990 did not indicate contamination from PCE.

Tetrahydrofuran was also detected in three of the monitoring wells, but these wells were constructed with PVC piping which have glued joints that could affect sample results. Inorganic constituents detected above secondary MCLs were found in monitoring wells.

WQM:CAT-Chart

NAME LOCATION	MAP NO.	SAMPLE TIME	WELL	SAMPLE METHOD	WELL DEPTH	INDIVIDUAL PARAMETER	465 C	TARGET METALS	GC24S	PESTICIDES
l. FEN #1	18	10/16/90	Mell	Bale	74 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
2. FEN #3	19	10/16/90	Monitoring Well	Bale	74 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
3. MWCC #7A	20	10/16/90	Monitoring Well	Bale	27 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
4. MWCC #8A	21	10/16/90	Monitoring Well	Bale	42 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
5. MWCC #9A	22	10/16/90	Monitoring Well	Bale	43 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
n-Responsive		10/16/90	Residential Well	Tap (North (Side House)	100 + feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
		10/16/90	Residential Well	Tap	160 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
		10/16/90	Residential Well	Tap (West or East House)	80 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9. Brad Ragan Tire Company	13	10/16/90	Commercial Well	Тар		Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
on-Responsive		10/16/90	Residential Well	Tap (Outside)	200 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
		10/16/90	Residential Well	Tap (Basement)		Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No .
		10/17/90	Residential Well	Тар	120 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
13. Instant Test 4000 Beau-d-Rue	1	10/17/90	Commercial Well	Tap	100 + feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
on-Responsive		10/17/90	Residential Well	Tap	100 + feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
		10/17/90	Residential Well	Тар		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
		10/17/90	Residentıal Well	Outside Tap Back of House by Porch		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17. USGS	15	9/24-25/90	Monitoring Well	Bale	35.75 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
18. USGS	16	9/24-25/90	Monitoring Well	Pump	13.45 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
19. USCS	17	9/25/90	Monitoring Well	Pump	6.72 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No

CAT Report



Contaminants such as trichloroethylene, methylene chloride, chloroform, and dichlorodifluoromethane detected in residential wells in 1989, were not detected in residential wells during sampling by Dakota County in 1990.

Appendix A is a summary report of sampling activities done by Dakota County.

Appendix B is laboratory data sheets for each of the wells sampled. Appendix C is the preliminary assessment done by MPCA in March 1990 which includes a summary of past sample results.

4.0 PATHWAYS OF CONCERN

4.1 Ground Water

There has been a documented release of hazardous substances at the Site. Ground water monitoring done since 1989 has indicated contamination by VOCs, notably PCE. The source of PCE contamination; however, has not been identified.

Surficial ground water in this area is not known to be presently used for drinking purposes. Residences whose wells were affected by contamination were first supplied with bottled water by the MPCA and then connected to the municipal drinking water system by MWCC.

A deeper Prairie du Chien/Jordan bedrock aquifer is used for municipal drinking water supply wells by the cities of Burnsville and Eagan. Eagan has 15 active Prairie du Chien/Jordan municipal wells which serve approximately 42,000 people. Five of the wells are located approximately one to two miles from the Site, seven wells are approximately two to three miles from the Site, and three wells are approximately three to four miles from the Site. There are an additional two stand-by Prairie du Chien/Jordan municipal wells approximately one mile from the Site.

Burnsville's 11 Prairie du Chien/Jordan municipal wells, which serve approximately 40,000 people, are within three to four miles of the Nichols area.

Both Eagan and Burnsville have municipal supply wells which draw water from the Mt. Simon and Hinckley formations. The Mt. Simon and Hinckley formations, which

lie 400 to 500 feet below the Prairie du Chien/Jordan formation, are not considered to be interconnected to the Prairie du Chien/Jordan formation for HRS scoring purposes. Surficial and Prairie du Chien/Jordan bedrock aquifers are considered to be interconnected for HRS scoring purposes, and together are defined as be the aquifer of concern. The Prairie du Chien/Jordan municipal were not sampled as part of this investigation based on distance from Site and ground water flow gradients.

4.2 Surface Water

Upper aquifer ground water in the area discharges to the Minnesota River. This was a major concern when contamination was first detected and de-watering activities began. The Nichols' Fen is located adjacent to the Site and there was concern about contaminated ground water affecting endangered plant species in the Fen. In addition, de-watering activities appeared to lower the water table in the Fen, which could also adversely impact the Fen.

Through mediation efforts, MWCC installed injection wells along the Fen to offset de-watering effects. Monitoring wells located along the Fen, were used to monitor ground water levels and contamination. Samples collected by Dakota County from the monitoring wells did not indicate PCE contamination.

Expansion of the nearby wastewater treatment plant by MWCC has been completed, with de-watering and ground water injection activities decreased or discontinued.

Recommendations from the mediation efforts regarding the treatment plant expansion are included in Appendix D.

Also located downstream from a probable point of entry of ground water discharge is the Minnesota National Wildlife Refuge, the Minnesota River, and the Mississippi River. Both the Minnesota and Mississippi Rivers are used for recreational purposes.

4.3 Soil and Air

Since this Site is a ground water plume site and potential source of contamination has not been identified, the soil and air pathways have not been addressed at this time.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

There has been a documented release of VOCs to ground water at the Site. Ground water sampling done by Dakota County has indicated a decrease in contaminant levels in private wells. Sampling activities were not able to delineate a ground water contaminant plume or identify a potential source of contamination. Residences whose wells were found to be contaminated have been connected to the city of Eagan municipal drinking water supply. De-watering activities have been discontinued which allows a natural flow of ground water to the Nichols' Fen.

Dakota County will continue to be the lead agency for the Site and will submit future sample results to the MPCA. Dakota County plans to monitor the one residence whose well has exhibited elevated levels of PCE and neighboring private wells to assess continued ground water contamination in the area. MPCA Site Assessment staff recommends continued sampling of monitoring wells near the Fen to assist in determining potential impacts from ground water discharge to the Fen. Additional MPCA investigative work to identify a source of contamination may be considered, based on monitoring results.

6.0 REFERENCES

- Final Report for Nichols Road CAT Project, Dakota County Public Health Department, February 1992.
- MPCA Preliminary Assessment for Nichols' Ground Water Contamination Site, done by Susan Price, March 1990.
- Recommendations of the Seneca Wastewater Treatment Plant Mediation Roundtable.
- Dakota County Sample Results for Follow-Up Samples of Ramerine Well and Notes from Seneca Wastewater Treatment Plant Mediation Meetings Supplied by David Swenson, Dakota County Public Health.
- MPCA Site Assessment Files, Memo to File: Discussion between Gary Krueger, Site Assessment and Nile Fellows, Site Response Section.
- MPCA Site Assessment Screening Site Inspection Report for the Old Freeway Site.

APPENDIX A

FINAL REPORT FOR NICOLS ROAD CAT PROJECT Submitted to MPCA February, 1992

Summary

In late September and October 1990, nineteen wells were sampled in the Nicols Road area for 80 parameters by Pace Laboratories using EPA approved methods. Of the 19 wells, eight are monitoring wells, 2 are commercial wells and 9 are residential wells. They ranged in depth from 6.7 feet to 200 feet. Three of the nineteen wells were analyzed for an extended list of parameters. A detailed Quality Assurance (QA) plan was developed by PACE Laboratory and was approved by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) prior to sampling. Dakota County staff supervised the sampling and was available for consultation if and when problems arose.

Five of the wells sampled had detectable levels of organic compounds. One upgradient well had 20 ppb 1,1,1 trichloroethane. Given that the business on this site uses trichloroethane in their laboratory, this is believed to be the source of the contamination. Of the remaining wells with contamination, three had tetrahydrofuran concentrations between 16 and 130 ppb, and the other had 63 ppb 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethyene. One other well showed 6 ppb Di-n-octyl phthalate, which was below the detection limit. Several inorganic substances were also detected above secondary MCL (maximum contaminant level), none of which are believed to have health risks. Eleven (11) wells exceeded the RAL (recommended allowable limit established by the Minnesota Department of Health) for manganese. Background

In April and June of 1989, well sampling was conducted by Dakota County and PACE Laboratories in the Wuthering Heights neighborhood of Eagan (See attached map). Water quality analyses were performed by Minnesota Valley Testing Laboratories (MVTL) and Pace Laboratory respectively. These tests showed several of the residential wells to be contaminated with organic compounds. In early 1990, a contamination assessment team (CAT) was formed to determine the source of contamination found in the residential wells.

The Dakota County CAT members for this site are Jon Springsted, Laura Newcombe and David Swenson. The purpose of this site investigation was to gather information about groundwater contamination. To ensure that proper protocol was followed, the MPCA was consulted to determine what information was needed and in what form it had to be gathered. From this, a sampling plan and a

list of sampling parameters was developed. PACE, the only EPA certified laboratory in the area, was chosen to collect the water samples and perform the analyses.

Discussion

Inorganic Results - The results of the analyses for inorganic parameters suggest variations between residential and monitoring wells, however, none of the wells tested revealed water quality to be an immediate concern to the public health. The EPA standards for public system drinking water (MCL's) were exceeded in five instances excluding manganese. All of these high levels were detected in monitoring wells. In these instances, the standards exceeded were secondary, meaning they were established for reasons other than health concerns. Manganese exceeded the RAL in 11 wells, it is not known if this represents a health hazard in this instance.

Organic Results - Four (4) organic compounds were detected by the sampling program. Three detections were in monitoring wells for the same parameter; tetrahydrofuran. Tetrahydrofuran is a constituant of a glue compound commonly used in PVC pipe joints such as those found in monitoring wells. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane was detected a quantity below the RAL for drinking water contaminants. This chemical was found in Instant Test's well where it is used in laboratory procedures. Di-n-Octyl phtalate was detected in the extended parameter scan at 6 ppb, this value was only an estimate as it was below the minimum detection limit. A duplicate sample did not detect this compound. The significance of this detection is not known. The Non-well exhibited 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethene (PERC) at a level of 63 ppb. This exceeds the RAL of 7.0ppb by approximately 10 times. This chemical is commonly used in dry cleaning and as a degreasing solvent although the latter use has declined in recent years. The Non-well has previously been found to be contaminated with PERC.

Contamination Plume - The results of this sampling program did little to delineate a contamination plume. The only significant results are centered at the Non-well. Based on earlier samplings, it is possible the plume may have been deflected, diminished, released intermittantly, or been affected by a fluctuating water table. The present sampling program and resulting information have not established the cause or location of the original contamination.

Public Health Issues - Only one well Non-had contaminant levels high enough to merit health concerns due to long term exposure. The water from this well should not be consumed according to MDH and Dakota County guidelines. Also, it is possible that using this water for hygeine may represent a health risk. It is not known whether contamination at this level can affect vegetation.

All residences sampled were hooked up to the City of Eagan water supply in 1989 and home owners stated they did not use the well water for any use other than watering their lawns or gardens. Based on these observations, the risk to public health caused by contamination of the upper aquifer in the Nicols road area is minimal. Upper aquifer groundwater in the Nicols road area discharges to the Minnesota River.

Residents - Several residents have been concerned about contamination of their well water since the first detection of contamination in 1989. The impact from the MWCC dewatering project further strengthened this concern. The CAT did sense, however, that most residents were satisfied with their city hook-ups and were now less concerned about the potential contamination. The results of the latest sampling program, while not conclusive, did demonstrate a reduction in contamination of these wells.



Jon Springsted

Environmental Specialist

Solid Waste Management

Laura Newcombe

Environmental Specialist

Hazardous Waste Management

David Swenson

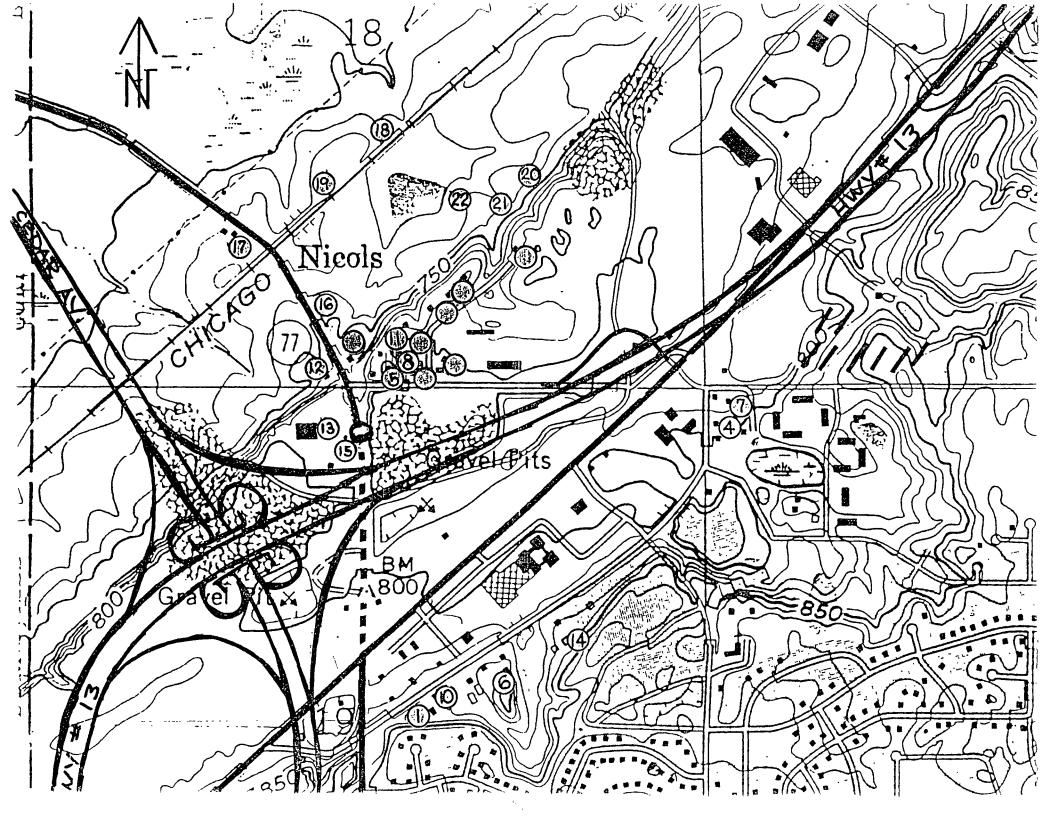
Environmental Specialist

Water and Land Management

NICOLS ROAD CAT - SUMMARY OF SITE PLAN

NAI		MAP	SAMPLE	WELL	SAMPLE	WELL	INDIVIDUAL	465	TARGET		
	ATION	NO.	TIME	TYPE	METHOD	DEPTH	PARAMETER	<u> </u>	METALS	GCI4S	PESTICIDES
1. FE	N #1	18	10/16/90	Mell	Bale	74 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
2. FE	N #3	19	10/16/90	Monitoring Well	Bale	74 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
3. MW	CC #7A	20	10/16/90	Monitoring Well	Bale	27 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
4. MA	CC #8A	21	10/16/90	Monitoring Well	Bale	42 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
5. MW	∞ #9A	22	10/16/90	Monitoring Well	Bale	43 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Non-Resp	ponsive		10/16/90	Residential Well	Tap (North (Side House)	100 + feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
			10/16/90	Residential Well	Тар	160 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
			10/16/90	Residential Well	Tap (West or East House)	80 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
9. Br. Ti	ad Ragan re Company	13	10/16/90	Commercial Well	Тар		Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Non-Res	sponsive		10/16/90	Residential Well	Tap (Outside)	200 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
			10/16/90	Residential Well	Tap (Basement)		Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
			10/17/90	Residential Well	Tap	120 feet	Yes .	Yes	Yes	No	No
	stant Test 00 Beau-d-Rue	1	10/17/90	Commercial Well	Тар	100 + feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Non-Resp	oonsive		10/17/90	Residential Well	Tap	100 + feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
			10/17/90	Residential Well	Tap		Yes ,	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
			10/17/90	Residential Well	Outside Tap Back of House by Porch		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17. US	CS .	15	9/24-25/90	Monitoring Well	Bale	35.75 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
18. US	ccs	16	9/24-25/90	Monitoring Well	Ритр	13.45 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
19. US	SUS	17	9/25/90	Monitoring Well	Ритр	6.72 feet	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No

WQM:CAT-Chart



RESULTS SUMMARY

TABLE 1

Organics Analyses	Detection (µg/L)	RAL (µg/L)	<u>Well</u>
Tetrahydrofuran	130(a) 16 35	100	USGS #17 USGS #16 Fen #3
1,1,1 Trichloroethane Di-n-Octyl phthalate	20 6	600.0	Instant Test Non-Responsive
Tetrachloroethyene	63 (a) 45 (a)	7.0	

TABLE 2

Organic Carbon	Detection Range (mg/L)
Dissolved Organic Carbon	ND-35
Total Organic Carbon	ND-20

TABLE 3

Inorganic Analyses	Detection Range	RAL (mg/L)	MCL(mg/1)	No. Wells exceeding RAL
Alkalinity, Bicarborate	260-390			
Arsenic	ND004 (a)	.0002	.050	6
Cadmium	ND0009	.004	.010	
Chemical Oxygen Demand, Low Level	ND-19			
Domaila, Bow Ector	110 19			
Chloride	1-92		250*	
Cyanide, Total	ND	.100		
Lead	ND002	.020	.050	
Mercury	ND	.001		
Nitrate plus				
Nitrite Nitrogen	ND-6.1	10(b)	10(b)	
Phenol	ND001	4.0		
Phosphorus, Total	ND-19			
Selenium	ND	.010	.010	
Solids				
Total Disolved	260-1400 (c)		500*	
Solids		*		
Total Suspended	ND-72(c)		5*	
Specific Conductivity			810*	
Sulfate	8-100	0000	250*	
Thallium	ND	.0003		

Hazardous Substance <u>List Metals</u>	Detection Range	RAL (mg/L)	MCL (mg/l)	No. Wells exceeding RAL(d)
Aluminum	ND017			
Barium	.050410	2.0	1.0	
Beryllium	ND	.00008		
Calcium	59-260			
Chromium (Total)	ND	.100	.050	
Cobalt	ND	.001	•	
Cooper	ND031	1.0	1.0*	
Iron	ND-4.6(c)		.3*	
Magnesium	26.4-78.0			
Manganese	.004-2.0(a,c)	.3	.05*	11
Nickel	ND025	.070		
Potassium	1.8-6.7			
Antimony	ND040 (a)	.001		2
Silver	ND		.050	
Sodium	3.2-99(c)		20*	
Vanadium	ND	.020		
Zinc	ND-2.8(a)	.700	5*	1

Secondary MCL Not Detected * ND

(a)

Exceeds RAL (MDH - Release No. 3, January 1991)
RAL, MCL for Nitrate is 10 mg/l, RAL for Nitrite is 1 mg/l.
analyses does not differentiate between the two.
Exceeds Secondary MCL This (b)

50

(c)

SWM: RESULTS

APPENDIX B

Residential Wells

APPENDIX C



Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

520 Lafayette Road, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155 Telephone (612) 296-6300



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
Nichols Ground Water Contamination
March 6, 1990

Situation

In April, 1988 and July, 1989 volatile organic aromatic (VOA) compounds were detected in seven residential wells in the area of Highway 13 and Cedar Avenue in Eagan, Minnesota. The contaminants included perchloroethylene, trichloroethylene, chloroform, and dichlorodifluoromethane (freon). Perchloroethylene was the only contaminant that exceeded the Minnesota Department of Health (MDH) Recommended Allowable Limit of 6.6 ppb for drinking water. The Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) declared an emergency situation and authorized the use of Minnesota Environmental Response Liability Act funds to provide bottled water to the affected residents. In addition to the presence of contaminants, a dewatering project at the nearby Metropolitan Waste Control Commission (MWCC) Seneca Waste Water Treatment Plant had drawn surficial water levels down to a point at which the residents could no longer obtain substantial water from their wells. In response to this dewatering effect, MWCC established permanent water service to the Eagan municipal water system. These hook-ups also served to remove the threat of contaminant consumption by the residents.

Based upon ground water collected it appears the contaminants are originating from a source(s) near Highway 13 and Cedar Avenue. Preliminary record searches and interviews with residents by both MPCA and Dakota County Health Department staff have failed to provide any substantial information concerning the origin of the contaminants. There are several municipal well systems (Cedar Grove, Burnsville, and Eagan) within a 3 and 4 mile radius of the area designated as the Site. However, it is unknown if contaminants have affected these municipal systems. It is unlikely the municipal well systems are or may be effected as they are located upgradient of the suspected source area.

The Nichols Meadow Fen (fen) is located downgradient of the Site and supports several endangered species of flora. Should contaminants reach the fen via ground water discharge these species may be affected. Ground water flow to the fen has been interrupted by the dewatering, therefore, an injection well system has been proposed to aid in restoration of natural ground water flow.



ŞEPA PA	POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 1 - SITE INFORMATION AND ASSESSMENT				STATE 02 S	CATION SITE NUMBER
II. SITE NAME AND LOCATION						
O1 SITE NAME (Legal, common or descriptive name of site)		02 STREE	T, ROUTE NO , OR S	SPECIFIC LOCATION IDE	NTIFIER	
Nichols Ground Water Con	tamination	· ·	100 13	6 COUNTY	Lan A	venue
Eugan		MA	551ZZ 2	Dakota		O7COUNTY OF CODE
Eugan 09 COORDINATES LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	+	 			10021
444845.1 93	1230.7	<u> </u>				
intersection of	Highway	77	Cedar	- Avenue	(ب	aud
Hughway 13, ex	act sour	ce	UKKUO	un		
III. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES						
01 OWNER (If known)		02 STREE	T (Business, mailing, res	ixdential)		
uukuown						
03 CITY		04 STATE	05 ZIP CODE	06 TELEPHONE NU	MBER	
07 OPERATOR (If known and different from owner)		OB STREE	T (Business mailing, res	idential)		
Uuknown			•			
09 CITY		10 STATE	11 ZIP CODE	12 TELEPHONE NU	MBER	
13 TYPE OF OWNERSHIP (Check one) A. PRIVATE B FEDERAL.	(Agency name)		_ C. STATE	□D COUNTY	☐ E MUNI	CIPAL
() F OTHER	(Ѕресиу)		– 🙀 G. UNKNO	- NWC		
14 OWNER/OPERATOR NOTIFICATION ON FILE (Check all that \[\sum_{\text{A}} \ \text{A RCRA 3001} \] DATE RECEIVED \[\frac{l}{\text{MONTH}} \ \frac{l}{\text{DAY}} \]		LED WAST	E SITE (CERCLA 103	c) DATE RECEIVED	MONTH DAY	YEAR XC N
IV. CHARACTERIZATION OF POTENTIAL HAZA	ARD					- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
O1 ON SITE INSPECTION BYES DATE + 10,89 NO YES CHENTICAL. O2 SITE STATUS (Check one)	BY (Check as line) apply) \[\begin{array}{l} \text{A EPA } \begin{array}{l} \text{D B E} \\ \text{E. LOCAL HEALTH OF} \\ \text{CONTRACTOR NAME(S)} \end{array}	PA CONTRA	CTOR [] (C STATE [[Sp.	OTHER CO	ONTRACTOR
02 SITE STATUS (Check one)	03 YEARS OF OPE	RATION				
□ A ACTIVE □ B INACTIVE X C. UNKNO	wn	BEGINNING Y	EAR ENDING Y	/EAR	UNKNOWN	
of DESCRIPTION OF SUBSTANCES POSSIBLY PRESENT. K Perchlorodiflorom dichlorodiflorom residential 05 DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVIRONMEN	trichloro	etu	lene, c	lulo ro to	irm,	and

to residents wells. Nicols Meadow Fen may be impacted ther V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT 01 PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Check only If high or medium is checked, complete Pan 2 Waste Information and Pan 3 Description of Hazardous Conditions and incidents) ☐ A HIGH (inspection required promptly) B MEDIUM
(Inspection required) C. LOW (Inspect on time evaluable basis) D. NONE
(No further action needed complete current disposition farm) VI. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM 03 TELEPHONE NUMBER 01 CONTACT 02 OF (Agency/Organization) K121297-1793 Pou Sueuson

04 PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSMENT MPCK STAD BO 05 AGENCY 06 ORGANIZATION 07 TELEPHONE NUMBER MPCA GUSW/PA 16121 297 1784 Price Susan EPA FORM 2070-12 (7-81)

	_	DA
6		M

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

I. IDENTIFICATION
O1 STATE O2 SITÉ NUMBER

	A		PART 2 - WAST				
I. WASTE S	TATES, QUANTITIES, AN	ID CHARACTER	ISTICS				
O1 PHYSICAL STATES ICHOCA SE INST SODIY) O2 WASTE QUANTITY A (Massures of assist must be indeed L B SLURRY L B POWDER FINES F LIQUID IJ C SLUDGE G GAS		of waste quantities	AT SITE O3 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (Check an Intel 2001y) Iste quantimes IDS A TOXIC E SOLUBLE L' B CORROSIVE L' F INFECTIOU L' C RADIOACTIVE L' G FLAMMASI			US U J EXPLOSIVE	
LI D OTHER		CUBIC YARDS .	<u></u>	X D PERS	SISTENT H IGNIT	ABLE _ L INCOM ,_ M NOT A	
I. WASTE T	- 	NO OF BROWS		<u> </u>			
ATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	AME	01 GROSS AMOUNT	02 UNIT OF MEASU	RE 03 COMMENTS		
SLU	SLUDGE		OF GROOD AMOUNT	02 01111 01 11121001	TE OS COMMENTS		
OLW	OILY WASTE					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SOL	SOLVENTS						
PSO	PESTICIDES		Vulcuoum	†	 		
occ	OTHER ORGANIC C	HEMICAL S	 	 			
10C	INORGANIC CHEMIC		 	 			
ACD	ACIDS						
BAS	BASES		}	 			
MES	HEAVY METALS		}	 			
			1	<u> </u>			71-1-0
	OUS SUBSTANCES (See A			resident		Samples	
CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE N		03 CAS NUMBER	 	SPOSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	06 MEASURE OF CONCENTRATION
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	chloro for	<u>~</u>	 		ļ	Let	
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FEEDSTO	CKS (See Appendix for CAS Numb	ers)					
CATEGORY	01 FEEDSTOC	K NAME	02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	O1 FEEDST	OCK NAME	02 CAS NUMBER
FDS				FDS			
FOS				FDS			
FDS				FDS			
FDS				FDS	 		
SOURCES	S OF INFORMATION ICII	specific references e a	State (iles sample analysis.	(eports)			
MP Mi	rch Gwsu mmesota G ckota Con	pp reolegi	files	MD I	peport. of	, botaral	Resource
100	ckota Lou	· Leg					

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

1. IDENTIFICATION
01 STATE 02 SITE NUMBER

	OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDEN	ats L
II. HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS		
01 & A GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 3 - 110 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED 4213	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION obseron-CLP lab on	rued trelease 2 separate
sampling events.	4-mile rading in	t Bornsville
01 & B SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED 0		
potential exist of and Minnesota disharas through of AIR OS POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	for contamination River it source	is to methands
disharas through	run oft and/o	r ground water
•		☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
contamination	the nature of	ground notes
01 S.D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	02 OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
vukuoun		
01 SEE DIRECT CONTACT 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	02 □ OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
(uknouv		
01. SF CONTAMINATION OF SOIL 03 AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED UNE (Acres)	•	POTENTIAL
ground nates co	ion is expect	ed due to
01 C/G DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	02 CJ OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
See "ground wate	er contamination	
01 XH WORKER EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	02 OBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	☐ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
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01 DU POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	02 DOBSERVED (DATE) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	□ POTENTIAL ☐ ALLEGED
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SEPA ,	INCIDENTS	I. IDENTIFI	SITE NUMBER		
I. HAZARDOUS CONDITION	S AND INCIDENTS (Continues	rd)	 		
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possible,	it cou	taminants endangered 02 OBSERVED (DATE	read	ek. u	-etland
(Nicol	s Fen).	endangered	Spe	20125	present
01 X K DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	(Include name(s) of species)	02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE) ' [] POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
Juknou	~				
01 Z L. CONTAMINATION OF P 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	FOOD CHAIN	02 🔾 OBSERVED (DATE) C] POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
uukuou	NU				
01 SM UNSTABLE CONTAINI (Spills/runoil/standing liquids		02 🗋 OBSERVED (DATE) [) POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
(Spits/ninol/Istanding bajusts 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY	AFFECTED 6 CL3	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION			
0 N DAMAGE TO OFFSITE 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	E PROPERTY	02 OBSERVED (DATE		POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
unknou	J	-			
0150 CONTAMINATION OF 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, W	WWTPs 02 □ OBSERVED (DATE		☐ POTENTIAL	☐ ALLEGED
· ukua.	~~				
01 P ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORI 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	IZED DUMPING	02 🗆 OBSERVED (DATE) [POTENTIAL	ALLEGED . :
implie	d from	ground mut	res	couta	minatio
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTH	HFR KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OF	R ALLEGED HAZARDS			
30 J.J.					
II. TOTAL POPULATION PO IV. COMMENTS	TENTIALLY AFFECTED:	<u> </u>			
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V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Cité specific references e.g., state ides. sample analysis, reports)

AUGUST 28,1989 SUSAN PRICE GWSW/PD/SAU

BREIFING ON SAMPLING EVENTS TO DATE CONCERNING SENECA PUMP-OUT

- 1. TWIN CITY TESTING (TCT) August 16, 1988 Report to MWCC
 - sampling of 6 monitoring wells around building site perimeter.
 - sampling protocol not acceptable.
 - wells not properly developed and stabilized, i.e., no pumping or stabilization through pH, conductivity, and temperature.

1

- no field or trip blanks taken for QA/QC.
- sampling scheme erratic, no justifications provided.
 - MW-1, MW-2, and MW-5 were the only monitoring wells sampled for VOAs.
 - MW-1 and MW-5 were the only wells tested for semi-VOAs and metals.
- data interpretation
 - discounted methylene chloride (MW-2 = 10 ppb, MW-5 = 9 ppb) as a common lab contaminant (confirmed by Minnesota Valley Testing and PACE).
 - justified occurrance of trichloroethylene as an isolated incident due to the lack of associated degradational products.
 - incorrect assumption, other degradational products may have been below method detection limit (MDL), a recent spill would not allow sufficient degradational time, and/or associated products may be traveling at differential rates.
 - elevated COD in MW-1 and MW-6 could be attributed to high suspended solids and algal content, no comments were made concerning COD or TSS results.
- 2. TCT October 6, 1988 Report
 - sampled MW-1, MW-2, and MW-6.
 - only analyzed samples for TCE in MW-2 and COD in MW-1 and MW-6
 - same inadequate sampling protocol used in June, 1988 sampling.
 - TCT basically ruled out any problems.
- 3. Ron Spong (Dakota Co. Health) "basement" analysis of 10 residential wells, April 4, 1988.
 - primarily WQ type effluent parameters, no VOAs etc...
- 4. Minn. Valley Testing Laboratories for Dakota Co. Public Health 4/10/89
 - 9 residential wells limited VOAs and semi-VOAs.

- Perc .62 ppb 8.6 .63 143.

- methylene chloride 2.11 ppb 3.26 4.63 5.95 3.75 Trip Blank* 4.71

- TCE 1.1 ppb Arends
- methylene chloride appears to a lab contaminant.

5. PACE Laboratories

- Same 9 residential wells sampled as Minn. Valley Testing Labs.

- Perc 13. ppb Non-Responsive
9.3
290.

- Chloroform 1.1 ppb Non-Responsive
.9
.6

- Dichlorodifluoromethane 13. ppb (freon)
2.4
1.6

- TCE 1.1 ppb

Non-Responsive
- lab contaminant

FYI - RALs TCE 31.0 ppb Perc 6.6 chloroform 57.0 freon 1400.0

APPENDIX D



RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE SENECA WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT MEDIATION ROUNDTABLE

M.P.C.A. Water Quality Div.

[PLEASE NOTE: After identifying the participating Roundtable organizations in the text of this document, abbreviated versions of the Roundtable organizations' name appear in parentheses. The City of Eagan, for example, is abbreviated to "City." The abbreviated name will be used throughout the remainder of the document.]

The undersigned members of the Seneca Wastewater Treatment Plant Mediation Roundtable ("Roundtable") agree to the following:

WHEREAS, on August 8, 1989, the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources ("DNR") issued an amendment to Temporary Water Appropriation Permit No. 89-6092 which authorizes the Metropolitan Waste Control Commission ("MWCC") to temporarily appropriate ground water for construction at the Seneca Wastewater Treatment Plant ("Seneca"); and

W. EREAS, on September 6, 1989, the City of Eagan, Minnesota ("City"), requested that the DNR hold a contested case hearing on the amendment to Temporary Water Appropriation Permit No. 89-6092; and

WHEREAS, on February 1, 1990, the Honorable Allan W. Klein, Office of Administrative Hearings held a prehearing conference to determine how to proceed with the amended permit and the City's request for a contested case hearing; and

WHEREAS, on February 6, 1990, Judge Klein recommended that the Commissioner of the DNR issue a Notice of and Order for Hearing, setting this matter on for a contested case hearing to begin on about March 19, 1990, but that the Commissioner of the DNR attempt to settle this matter without a hearing by means of alternative dispute resolution; and

WHEREAS, on February 16, 1990, Steven G. Thorne, Deputy Commissioner of the DNR, issued an order directing the DNR's Division of Waters to enlist the services of a mediator to initiate obtaining among the public entities and citizen groups represented at the prehearing conference held by Judge Klein and postponed setting a hearing date; and

WIIEREAS, on January 4, 1990, the MWCC applied for a permanent water appropriation permit for the existing portion of Seneca and a permanent water appropriation permit for the expanded portion of Seneca; and

WHEREAS, during March and April 1990, meetings were held by the Honorable Phyllis Reha, Office of Administrative Hearings, to explore the use of mediator-assisted negotiations to try to resolve the dispute over the amendment to the Temporary Water Appropriation Permit for Seneca and the decision was made by the members involved that the mediation should proceed following the identification of numerous issues related to Seneca which should be mediated; and

WHEREAS, on April 30, 1990, the Roundtable began involving members of the staffs of the MWCC, the DNR Division of Waters, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency ("PCA"), the Metropolitan Council ("Council"), the Dakota County Public Health Department ("County"), the City, and representatives from the Eagan Chamber of Commerce, the Wuthering Heights Neighborhood

- e. "Fen" shall mean the Nicols Meadow Fen.
- f. "Dewatering" shall mean the appropriation of water undertaken by the MWCC pursuant to the permanent water appropriation permits for Seneca to be issued by the DNR, unless noted otherwise.
- g. "Contamination site" shall mean the Highway 13 and Cedar Avenue Groundwater Contamination Site as identified by the PCA pursuant to the Minnesota Environmental Response and Liability Act.
- h. "PCA permit" shall mean National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/State Disposal System (NPDES/SDS) Permit No. MN 0059137 issued by the PCA.
- i. "Associated wetlands" means the wetlands associated with the fen, including Kennealy Creek and the beaver ponds.
- 2. Each recommendation detailed below is directed exclusively to the specific Roundtable organization identified in the specific recommendation and not any Roundtable organization not identified in the recommendation.
- 3. Implementation of Recommendations.
 - a. The recommendations and proposed actions included in this document constitute recommendations from the Roundtable members to the governmental unit or units identified in the specific recommendation. The use of the words "will" or "shall" in any particular recommendation is not intended to imply anything more than a recommendation.
 - b. Each Roundtable member agrees to present those recommendations applicable to the governmental unit with which he/she is associated for its consideration. Implementation may be in a form appropriate to that unit including a resolution, order, permit, or letter referring to specific recommendations to be adopted by the governing body or responsible individual of each unit. The recommendations are not binding upon a governmental unit unless the governmental unit formally agrees to be bound by a particular recommendation.
 - c. Execution of this document, and/or issuance of an implementing resolution, order, permit, or letter, will not constitute a contractual agreement among or between the Roundtable members and/or the organizations they represent.
 - d. The individual signatories to this document agree to take the document back to the Roundtable organization which they represent for the appropriate approval. Pursuant to Issue VII, paragraph 7, the City will withdraw its request only upon approval of the recommendations by all Roundtable organizations.
- 4. The individual members of the Roundtable shall not be liable in any way for any action taken or inaction with respect to any recommendation, whether adopted or not, or for the failure of any governmental unit to adopt any recommendation.

public meeting in the City or any other meeting of the PCA Board to take action on the report.

- 5. The City will notify the non-governmental agency Roundtable organizations of the availability of any reports received by the City and will further confirm the scheduling of any public meeting held by the City concerning the contamination issue.
- 7. The City will provide public notice through the local newspaper, as well as posting notice at City Hall, of any public meeting held by the City regarding issues concerning groundwater contamination at the contamination site and/or the groundwater recharge well system being installed by the MWCC.
- 8. The PCA permit for the groundwater recharge well system requires that the MWCC test the observation/monitoring wells for water quality (38 parameters of organic and/or inorganic compounds) on a monthly basis for the first six months of the operation of the recharge well system beginning June, 1990, and quarterly thereafter, for the duration of the recharge system. The MWCC will test for the 38 parameters specified in the PCA permit at no less than quarterly intervals, whether or not water is being injected, until the expiration of the PCA permit on December 31, 1992. The MWCC may conduct additional testing for pollutants or at its option, the MWCC may contract with an outside approved lab to conduct this testing.
- 9. All written results of the testing being conducted under the PCA permit or otherwise shall be provided by the MWCC to the PCA, the County and the City.
- 10. The City will notify and make available to the Roundtable organizations the results of the quarterly testing required under the PCA permit.
- 11. Prior to the reissuance or extension of the PCA permit, the PCA will hold a public meeting in the City of Eagan and invite comment from Roundtable organizations. Issues that may be addressed in the permit process shall include, but shall not be limited to, whether it is appropriate to require continued monitoring of both the dewatering wells and the injection observation wells and also, whether the list of the contaminants currently being tested should be changed.
- 12. No Roundtable organization waives its right to conduct an independent study of the contamination site to determine the source of groundwater contamination or to determine whether the dewatering by the MWCC at Seneca is in any way contributing to the movement of groundwater contamination. No Roundtable organization will be prevented by another Roundtable organization from doing such an independent study upon notice to the appropriate Roundtable organization.
- 13. The Roundtable members take no position with respect to efforts by individuals or subgroupings of the Roundtable members to lobby for special legislation or increase funding to deal with groundwater contamination issues specifically as they relate to the contamination site. By signing this document, no member waives his/her rights to lobby in these regards.

fen and the condition of the vegetation in the fen to the MWCC for inclusion in the MWCC's status report at critical times in the natural cycle of unique fen vegetation, which information shall be provided at least twice a year. The DNR may also issue separate reports of the fen vegetation to the Roundtable organizations if no current MWCC status report is anticipated to be issued.

- 5. The status reports being prepared by the MWCC shall continue through December 31, 1992 at which time the Roundtable organizations will review the status report requirement as part of the 1993 PCA permit review process during the public meeting held pursuant to Issue I, paragraph 11.
 - Any remedial action which may be required to correct groundwater contamination in the contamination site shall not impact the fen to the extent possible.
- 7. That the DNR support legislation that would amend the present state law to provide greater protection to fens throughout the State of Minnesota.
- 8. That each member in this Roundtable support the proposed Minnesota State Park Natural and Cultural Resource Inventory and Assessment, Part II(D). (LCMR proposal.)
- 9. The Roundtable members recognize that the MWCC has taken steps to alleviate impacts on the fen and encourage the MWCC to continue their efforts to alleviate any further or future impact on the fen.
- 10. The PCA will provide copies of the MWCC's proposed contingency plan, to all the Roundtable organizations prior to the PCA approval of the contingency plan.
- 11. Any comments submitted by the Roundtable members to the PCA with regard to the contents of the MWCC's proposed contingency plan must be received by the PCA within two weeks of the date the proposed plan was made available to the Roundtable members.
- Except in a bona fide emergency situation as reasonably determined by the DNR, PCA and MWCC, the MWCC shall provide written notice to all Roundtable organizations, of at least five days, prior to the implementation of any alternative to the groundwater recharge well system. In the case of emergency, notice of any action taken by the MWCC shall be provided to all Roundtable organizations as soon as possible.
- 13. The DNR will consult with the County and the City before taking any action to determine the appropriate fen mitigation measures or requiring replacement of the fen by any person or entity.

ISSUE III: MAINTENANCE

*GENERAL STATEMENT: The operation and maintenance of Seneca will be conducted to optimize operational efficiency and protection of the environment around Seneca.

To accomplish this goal, Roundtable members recommend the following:

ISSUE IV: DEWATERING

aGENERAL STATEMENT: Roundtable members' interests regarding dewatering at Seneca include ancouraging water conservation, encouraging better maintenance, encouraging better operations, and protecting the environment consistent with state law.

To accomplish these goals, Roundtable members recommend the following:

- 1. Current state law provides that each consumptive water appropriation exceeding 2 millions gallons per day average, within a 30 day period, requires legislative approval. It is the intent of the MWCC to use all reasonable efforts to maintain permanent dewatering at Seneca at less than the statutory figure. If the MWCC determines there is a need to exceed the statutory figure, the MWCC and/or DNR will go to the legislature for approval of the excess. Prior to submission of the request to the legislature, the MWCC will notify and meet with representatives of Roundtable organizations and present factual evidence of why the statutory figure will be exceeded. The MWCC presentation will include consideration of the impact exceeding the statutory figure will have on the fen, critical water levels, and water conservation.
- 2. The two permanent water appropriation permits for Seneca shall provide in aggregate for water appropriation of up to 2.1 million gallons per day, daily average on a yearly basis. Should the MWCC need to exceed this figure, it shall apply for a permit amendment in accordance with DNR rules.
- 3. The DNR will provide annual water use data to the City indicating the amounts dewatered under the water appropriation permits for Seneca. The DNR will notify all Roundtable organizations that copies of the data are available to any Roundtable organization.
- 4. The DNR will annually review the rates and volume of dewatering at Seneca. This review may include a public information meeting during which relevant public comments will be solicited. All Roundtable organizations will be notified of this meeting by the City.

ISSUE V: WATER CONSERVATION

•GENERAL STATEMENT: The Roundtable members consider conservation of water resources a vital element to reducing the cost of wastewater treatment, the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, minimize effects on the environment, and to insure adequate future water supplies.

Roundtable members recommend the following:

- 1. The Roundtable members encourage each individual member to support and encourage such groups as the League of Minnesota Cities and the Association of Metropolitan Municipalities to further the following water conservation goals:
 - a. Adoption of statewide building codes that require all new construction to install water conservation plumbing fixtures;

would require expansion of Seneca. The Roundtable may be reconvened to discuss the proposal pursuant to the process set forth in the first paragraph of this section.

- 4. The Roundtable may be reconvened if requested by the City and/or MWCC to discuss issues concerning Seneca which are outside the scope of these recommendations.
- 5. Each Roundtable organization will be responsible for appointing a replacement member representing the same interests should the present member be unable to continue active participation in the Roundtable and will be responsible for notifying the remaining Roundtable organizations of the replacement.
- 6. Roundtable organizations need not participate in any meeting held pursuant to this section which the organization determines does not involve issues related to the interests of the Roundtable organization.
- The Roundtable members recommend that following approval of this document by the Roundtable organizations, the City withdraw its demand for a hearing regarding the amendment to Temporary Water Appropriation Permit No. 89-6092. This withdrawal will only take affect upon all organizations agreeing to the recommendations.
- 8. If the provisions set forth in Issue IV, paragraph 2, are incorporated into the permanent water appropriation permits and the permits are issued in substantial conformance with the draft permits included with this document as Exhibit A, the Roundtable members recommend that neither the City, nor any other Roundtable organization with standing, request a hearing on the permanent water appropriation permits.
- 9. By agreeing to this document, no Roundtable organization waives its right to challenge the policy interpretation of any governmental unit.

THIS DOCUMENT WILL BE EXECUTED ON MULTIPLE SIGNATURE PAGES, EACH OF WHICH SHALL BE AN ORIGINAL, BUT SUCH SIGNATURE PAGES TOGETHER SHALL CONSTITUTE ONE AND THE SAME DOCUMENT.

1523-02 epartment of l Natural Resources

WATER APPROPRIATION PERMIT

500 Lafayette Road St. Paul. MN 55155-4032

PERMIT 90-6262	
COUNTY Dakota	

Division of

aters

opriation authorized by this permit must also be consistent with the applicable isions of Permit #91-6073. MATTER OF THE APPLICATION FOR APPROPRIATION OF WATERS OF THE STATE, PERMISSION IS HEREBY GRANTED TO

(FE	Authorized Agent	
etropolitan Waste Control Commission	C.R. Payne	
30 E. 5th St., St. Paul, MN 55101		
groundwater via an existing underdrain **xceed 625 gpm. Primary discharge to 18" **ccordance with NPDES Permit #0059137.		
permanent dewatering beneath original wastr ural damage.	aste water treatment plant	to prevent
rty Described as.		
The Seneca Waste Water Treatment Plant lo Township 27 North, Range 23 West, Dakota Co		Section 18,
•		
ted Signature	Titie	Date
∞ ¹d D. Harmack	Administrator Permits and Land Use Section	<u> </u>

ermit is granted subject to the following CONDITIONS:

QUANTITY: The permittee is authorized to appropriate	water at a rate not to exceed	*	gallons per minute. The total amount of water
ippropriated shall not exceed	acre feet or	329	million gallons per year (See Additional
			Condition #14)

:. LIMITATIONS:

- (a.) Any violation of the terms and provisions of this permit and any appropriation of the waters of the state in excess of that authorized tereon shall constitute a violation of Minnesota Statutes. Chapter 105.
 - (b) This permit shall not be construed as establishing any priority of appropriation of waters of the state.
- (c) This permit is permissive only. No liability shall be imposed upon or incurred by the State of Minnesota or any or its employees, on iccount of the granting hereof or on account of any damage to any person or property resulting from any act or omission of the permittee elating to any matter hereunder. This permit shall not be construed as estopping or limiting any legal claims or right of action of any grean other than the state against the permittee. for any damage or injury resulting from any such act or omission, or as stopping or miting any legal claim or right of action of the state against the permittee, for violation of or failure to comply with the provisions of the armit or applicable provisions of law
- (d.) In all cases where the doing by the permittee of anything authorized by this permit shall involve the taking, using, or damaging of my property, rights or interests of any other person or persons, or of any publicly owned lands or improvements thereon or interests serein, the permittee, before proceeding therewith, shall obtain the written consent of all persons, agencies, or authorities concerned, and mail acquire all property, rights and interests necessary therefore,
- (e) This permit shall not release the permittee from any other permit requirements or hability or obligation imposed by Minnesota Statutes Federal Law or local ordinances relating thereto and shall remain in force subject to all conditions and limitations now or hereafter imposed
- (f.) Unless explicitly specified, this permit does not authorize any afterations of the beds or banks of any public (protected) waters or arrilands. A separate permit must be obtained from the Department of Natural Resources prior to any such alteration

PERMIT	#90-6262
DATED:	
Du	

Livet

ATTACHMENT B

Monitoring Conditions

1. Water levels to be monitored:

Observation Wells 4, 4A, 5, 6 and 10 Monitoring Wells 3, 7A, 8A and 9A Fen Wells 1, 2, 3 and 4

2. Flows to be monitored:

Kennealy Creek at the railroad bridge Total discharge from the dewatering system

3. Aonitoring schedule:

Water levels in all wells and flows at both stations are to be recorded twice monthly except during the initiation of recharge.

During initiation of recharge levels and flows shall be recorded weekly.

4. Reporting:

MWCC staff shall supply raw data, charts and hydrographs to the Division of Waters on a quarterly basis.

02628-02

Department of

INNESOTA
Natural Resources

WATER APPROPRIATION PERMIT

500 Lafayette Road St. Paul, MN 55155-4032

PERMIT 91-6073	
Dako č a	

Division of Waters

ropriation authorized by this permit must also be consistent with the applicable visions of Permit #90-6262.

E MATTER OF THE APPLICATION FOR APPROPRIATION OF WATERS OF THE STATE. PERMISSION IS HEREBY GRANTED TO

MITTEE	Authorized Agent					
etropolitan Waste Control Commission C.R. Payne						
230 E. 5th St., St. Paul, MN 55101	·					
Supropriate From						
via new underdrain system at a dargallons per minute. Primary discharge to 1 accordance with NPDES Permit #0059137.						
ose. permanent dewatering beneath the process s ctural damage	tanks and access tunnels	to prevent				
erty Described as:						
The Seneca Waste Water Treatment Plant (199 the SE 1/4 NE 1/4 Section 18, Township 27 N						
<u>.</u>						
orized Signature	Title	Date				
Administrator Permits and Land Use Section						
Permit is granted subject to the following CONDITIONS:						
QUANTITY: The permittee is authorized to appropriate water at a rate not to exceed		unt of water				

2. LIMITATIONS:

appropriated shall not exceed_

(a) Any violation of the terms and provisions of this permit and any appropriation of the waters of the state in excess of that authorized bereon shall constitute a violation of Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 105

438

- (b.) This permit shall not be construed as establishing any priority of appropriation of waters of the state.
- (c) This permit is permissive only. No liability shall be imposed upon or incurred by the State of Minnesota or any of its employees, on account of the granting hereof or on account of any damage to any person or property resulting from any act or omission of the permittee relating to any matter hereunder. This permit shall not be construed as estopping or fimiting any legal claims or right of action of any person other than the state against the permittee, for any damage or injury resulting from any such act or omission, or as stopping or limiting any legal claim or right of action of the state against the permittee, for violation of or failure to comply with the provisions of the permit or applicable provisions of law.
- (d.) In all cases where the doing by the permittee of anything authorized by this permit shall involve the taking, using, or damaging of any property, rights or interests of any other person or persons, or of any publicly owned lands or improvements thereon or interests therein, the permittee, before proceeding therewith, shall obtain the written consent of all persons, agencies or authorities concerned, and shall acquire all property, rights and interests necessary therefore.
- (e) This permit shall not release the permittee from any other permit requirements or hability or obligation imposed by Minnesota Statutes Sederal Law or local ordinances relating thereto and shall remain in force subject to all Conditions and limitations now or hereafter imposed by law
- (1) Unless explicitly specified, this permit does not authorize any alterations of the beds or banks of any public (protected) waters or werlands. A separate permit must be obtained from the Department of Natural Resources prior to any such alteration.

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PERMIT	#91-6073
DATED:	
BY:	

1, ents \$10-12) 36.

ATTACHMENT B

Monitoring Conditions

1. Water levels to be monitored:

Observation Wells 4, 4A, 5, 6 and 10 Monitoring Wells 3, 7A, 8A and 9A Fen Wells 1, 2, 3 and 4

2. Flows to be monitored:

Kennealy Creek at the railroad bridge Total discharge from the dewatering system

3. ionitoring schedule:

Water levels in all wells and flows at both stations are to be recorded twice monthly except during the initiation of recharge.

During initiation of recharge levels and flows shall be recorded weekly.

4. Reporting:

MWCC staff shall supply raw data, charts and hydrographs to the Division of Waters on a quarterly basis.

APPENDIX E

Record Information

- 1. Site Name: NICHOLS GROUND WATER CONTAMINATION (as entered in CERCLIS)
- 2. Site CERCLIS Number: MND985681246
- 3. Site Reviewer: GLKrueger
- 4. Date: 7/29/92
- 5. Site Location: Eagan, Dakota, Minnesota (City/County, State)
- 6. Congressional District: 3
- 7. Site Coordinates: Unknown

Latitude: Longitude:

Site Description

- 1. Setting: Suburban
- 2. Current Owner: Unknown
- 3. Current Site Status: Site with Unknown Source
- 4. Years of Operation: Unknown
- 5. How Initially Identified: Unknown
- 6. Entity Responsible for Waste Generation:
 - Unknown
- 7. Site Activities/Waste Deposition:
 - Unknown

Waste Description

8. Wastes Deposited or Detected Onsite:

PAGE:

2

- Organic Chemicals

Response Actions

- 9. Response/Removal Actions:
 - Drinking Water Well Has Been Closed

RCRA Information

- 10. For All Active Facilities, RCRA Site Status:
 - Not Applicable

Demographic Information

- 11. Workers Present Onsite: Unknown
- 12. Distance to Nearest Non-Worker Individual: Unknown
- 13. Residential Population Within 1 Mile: 0.0
- 14. Residential Population Within 4 Miles: 50000.0

Water Use Information

- 15. Local Drinking Water Supply Source:
 - Ground Water (within 4 mile distance limit)
- 16. Total Population Served by Local Drinking Water Supply Source: 90000.0
- 17. Drinking Water Supply System Type for Local Drinking Water Supply Sources:
 - Municipal (Services over 25 People)
 - Private
- 18. Surface Water Adjacent to/Draining Site:
 - Wetland
 - River

OMB Approval Number: 2050-0095 Approved for Use Through: 1/92

Was	te Site	tial Hazardous Site ninary Assessment Form				Identification State: CERCLIS Number: N/N 983 68/246 CERCLIS Ducovery Date:		
1. General Site Info	ormation							
Nichols Ground	Water Contaminati	Street Add		v (3	and le	dar Ave	inuc	
City: Eagan	City: State:			p Code:		Co. Code:	Cong. Dist: 3	
Latinisde:	Longraide: Approxi			Status of Site: Acres				
2. Owner/Operator	Information ///,	4	610	und M	later 1	Plane		
Owner:		Operato	xr.					
Street Address:		Street /	Add ress:					
City:		City:	sy:					
State: Zap Code: Telephon	e: ()	State:	Zip Code:	Telepho	xxe:			
Type of Ownership: Private			How initially identified: Citizen Complaint Federal Program Incidental					
3. Site Evaluator In	formation			=				
Name of Evaluator: FARY L Kruege	Agency/Organizat	00.		Date Pres	16/92			
Street Address: 520 La fage HE Road			City: 57. Paul State: MN			11/		
Name of EPA or State Agency Contact: Street Address:								
City:			State: Telephone: (6/2) 296-6/39			9		
4. Site Disposition (for EPA use only)								
Emergency Response/Removal Assessment Recommendation: Yes			Signature: Typy I Knight . Name (typed): Position: Senior Pollution Control Special):				Specialis	

Potential Hazardous Waste Site Preliminary Assessment Form -	CERCLIS Number: MN/1985 68/24[
	1,				
5. General Site Characteristics					
Predomment Land Uses Withm I Mile of Sits (check all that apply):	Site Setting:	Years of Operation: N'/A			
☐ Industrial ☐ Agriculture ☐ DOI	☐ Urben	Beginning Year			
S-Commercial Mining Other Federal Facility	Suburben Suburben				
Residential DOD	° □ Rurai	Ending Year			
☐ Forest/Fields ☐ DOE ☐ Other	-	□ Unknown			
Type of Site Operations (check all that apply): N/A		Waste Generated:			
☐ Manufacturing (must check subcategory) ☐ Retail		☐ Ocusto ☐ Offsite			
☐ Lumber and Wood Products ☐ Recyclin	=	S Onsite and Offsite			
☐ Inorganic Chemicals ☐ Junk/Salt	•				
☐ Plastic and/or Rubber Products ☐ Municipal	-				
☐ Paints, Vareushes ☐ Other La	adfill	Waste Deposition Authorized By-			
☐ Industrial Organic Chemicals ☐ DOD	•	Present Owner			
☐ Agricultural Chemicals ☐ DOB		☐ Former Owner			
(e.g., pesticides, fertilizers) DOI		☐ Present & Pormer Owner			
	deral Faculity	☐ Usauthorized			
(e g., adhestives, explosives, ink) RCRA		DS. Unknown			
•	eatment, Storage, or Disposal rge Quantity Generator				
	nall Quantity Generator	Waste Accessible to the Public:			
	bode D	, ∠Z-No			
☐ Electronic Equipment	☐ Munscipal				
Other Manufacturing	☐ Industrial				
— · ———•	Converter"				
- ···-	rolective Filer"	Dustance to Nearest Dwelling.			
	on or Late Filer	School, or Workplace:			
Oil and Gas Not Spec	ified	n/A			
☐ Non-metallic Minerals ☐ Other		///// Feet			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
6. Waste Characteristics Information					
Source Type: Source Waste Quantity: (check all that apply) (mclade units)	Tier : General Types of Wa	uste (check all that apply)			
•	☐ Metals	☐ Pesticides/Herbicides			
	⊠' Organics	☐ Acids/Bases			
Surface Impoundment		☐ Oily Waste			
C Drums	Golvests	☐ Municipal Waste			
☐ Tanks and Non-Druss Containers	Pana/Pigmota	☐ Mining Waste			
☐ Chemical Wests Pile					
Scrap Metal or Junk Pile	☐ Laboratory/Hospi	al Waste			
☐ Tailings Pile	☐ Radioactive Waste	Orber			
	Construction/Dom	olitica			
☐ Trask Pile (open dump)	Waste				
Land Trestment					
Continuinated Ground Water Plants	Physical State of War	nts as Deposited (check all that			
(unidentified source)	appty):				
Contaminated Surface Water/Sediment	☐ Solid	☐ Sludge ☐ Powder			
(unidonofied source)	// Ligan	I·□ Ges			
☐ Contratmeted Soil					
Other					
1 200111162 20016	l	· [
C = Constituent, W = Wastertrans, V = Volume, A =	 				
C = Constituent, W = Wastestream, V = Volume, A =	Area	1			
	j				

	Hazardous Waste Site ry Assessment Form - Pag	g e 3 o	ſ 4	CERCLIS Number. MND 985 681246	
7. Ground Water Pathway					
Is Ground Water Used for Drinking Water Within 4 Miles: Yes No Type of Drinking Water Wells Within 4 Miles (check all that apply): Municipal Private None	Is There a Suspected Release to Ground Water: SEYes No Have Primary Target Drinking Water Wells Boom Identified: SEYes No If Yes, Enter Primary Target Population:		Withdrawa From: 0 - ¼ Mile > ¼ - ½ Mile > ½ - 1 Mile	14,000 19,500 48,000	
Depth to Shallowest Aquater: Poot Karst Terrass/Aquater Present: Yes No	Nearest Designated Welfhead Protect Area: Underties Site > 0 - 4 Miles None Wiches 4 Miles		>3 - 4 Miles Total Within 4)	18,000 81,500	
8. Surface Water Pat	thway				
Type of Surface Water Drawing Sets as that apply): Stream	Pond Lake		est Overland Distance From A Foot Miles	ny Source to Surface Water:	
Is There a Suspected Release to Surface Water: 图 Yes GW to SW-Discharge I No		Site is Located in: Amend - 10 yr Floodplain > 10 yr - 100 yr Floodplain > 100 yr - 500 yr Floodplain > 500 yr Floodplain > 500 yr Floodplain			
Drinking Water Intakes Located Along Yes No Have Primary Target Drinking Water is No No If Yes, Enter Population Served by Prim	ntakes Bons Identified: nary Tarpot Intakes:	List / Name	All Secondary Target Drinking Water Body Total within	Flow (cfs) Population Served	
Pisheries Located Along the Surface We Yes No Have Primary Target Fisheries Boos Ide	•	7	LE Soccordary Target Fisherica Valer Booky/Fishery Name A. 1983 on Rive 11851857 ppi	Flow (cfs)	

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Potential Hazardous Waste Site

CERCLIS Number:

Preliminary Assessment Form - Page 4 of 4			NN 98568/246		
8. Surface Water Pathway (continued)					
Wetlands Located Along the Surface Water Migration Path: Styes	Have Primary Tar Have Primary Tar Hy Ye	Other Sensitive Environments Located Along the Surface Water Migrat			
9. Soil Exposure Pathway N/	4				
Attending School or Daycare on or Within 200 Feet of Areas of Known or Suspected Contamination:	Workers Onsite: None 1 - 100 101 - 1,000 > 1,000	Have Terrestrial Sensitive Enor Within 200 Feet of Areas of Contamination: Yes No If Yes, List Each Terrestrial S	·		
10. Air Pathway N/A					
La There a Suspected Release to Air: Yes No Enter Total Population on or Within:	Wetlands Located Wi	thin 4 Miles of the Site:			
Onsite 0 - ¼ Mile > ¼ - ½ Mile > ¼ - 1 Mile	Other Seasouve Envir	coments Located Within 4 Miles	s of the Sister:		
>1 - 2 Miles >2 - 3 Miles >3 - 4 Miles	List All Sonsstrve Env Distance Onsits	ronmonts Within 14 Mile of the Sensative Environment Type/	E.		
Total Within 4 Miles	0 - ¼ Mile > ¼ - ¼ Mile				